

JOHN THOMAS,
Insurance Agent.
Belleville, March 21st, 1866, 35-3

AND
CANADA TWEEDS!
Elleville, Dec. 11th, 1865. 18

J. H. MEACHAM,
Postmaster.
Milledgeville, April 1, 1866.

the first-class magazines, periodicals
reviews will be supplied. 34

HUDSON'S WORM TEA.

day of Quinte with Lake Ontario, through
 er's Bay or otherwise.
 T. C. WALLBRIDGE.
 Millville, 26th December, 1866.

An early call will save the costs of the
FELIX GRAHAM.
dieville, March 27, 1886. 333

as any other respectable Dentist in
province. He is determined not to be
in the execution of his work, nor
earnest.

Office, Belleville,
March, 1866. } 32

wards of 500 volumes of the most popular books of the time, to which additions will be made regularly.

All the first-class magazines, periodicals and reviews will be supplied.

JUDSON'S WORM TEA.

T. C. WALLBRIDGE.
Belleville, 26th December, 1865.

<p>4. Immediately otherwise their Notes Accounts will be put into the hands of the Attorney for collection. -An early call will save the costs of the law.</p>	<p>purchased a very large stock of dental ma- terials for mounting teeth, and has arranged to insert teeth on the rubber base at as low a price as any other respectable Dentist in the Province. He is determined not to be surpassed in the execution of his work, nor for cheapness.</p>	<p>MC Sh</p>
<p>FELIX GRAHAM. St. John's, March 27, 1866.</p>	<p>383</p>	<p>27</p>

Sheriff C. H.
 Per C. E. Miller.
 JAMES JELLETT, Esq.,
 Plaintiff's Attorney.
 His Office, Hallowville,
 March, 1895.

VOL. XXIV BELLEVILLE, CANADA, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 11, 1866.

judgment.—*Id.*

RE-APPEARANCE OF THE CHOLERA.

[illegible]

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MAGISTRATES' Visitation Summons to Defendant; Summons to Witness; Warrant of Commitment; Warrant of Discharge; Conveyance, &c. &c. &c.

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DEEDS, MORTGAGES & MEMORIALS, all kinds
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The above are printed on good paper, and
will be sold at Toronto Prices.
Also, Fine Engraving & Printing.

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PRO- the United States and the British North American Provinces has increased, in ten years, more than three fold, or from seventeen millions in 1854, to sixty-eight millions

in 1847, so that at present, with the exception of Great Britain, the commercial relations between the United States and the British North American Provinces outrank in importance and amount any other

those existing between this country and any other foreign State." Taking the whole trade with the British Islands, the Provinces, and the British West Indies, the Commissioners

know that while it amounts to three hundred and ninety seven millions per annum, the trade of the country with France, Brazil, China, Hamburg, Bremen, and the Spanish West Indies, only amounts to one hundred and

"It may also," they think, "be fairly assumed, that, taking into consideration, the

growth of the two countries in population and wealth, that of Canada for the last ten years having preserved a nearly equal ratio in this respect with that of the United States, the trade, as at present existing is well adapted

to the State would, as that of the past.

These are words of wisdom and good sense. The carrying on of a reciprocal commerce of such magnitude is carried on, and is now developing, ought not therefore to be made without the most serious consideration."

from three gentlemen of the highest character for practical sagacity and commercial knowledge, ought to be seriously pondered by every man responsible to the people of this country.

It is very much to be regretted that those gentlemen, able, unprejudiced and free from local pressure or political obstructions,

been entrusted with the task of communicating with the Provincial authorities, and determining the basis on which the Ministers of Great Britain and the United States should

negotiate, on which friendly legislation should be adjusted, for the preservation and extension of this great Northern Trade. Such a commission would indeed have had obvious advantages over the committee of the

advantages over the methods, ordinarily followed, of conducting such investigations through "Congressional Committees." Mr. Morrill's committee affords a pregnant illustration. Pressed upon "by the many and varied

claims of constituents, and also to a greater or less extent by the claims of important private interests," that committees have failed to make any provision for the preservation of

defy- tled nothing except that everything shall be
largest unsettled. The 17th of March, when the
Treaty must expire, is less than three weeks
off. In the meantime the Provincial De-

A Proclamation has been issued warning American fishermen against intrusions upon the inshore fisheries after the 16th of March.

The Provincial Legislatures are meeting, and already the Governments and the mercantile classes are considering, not how trade with this country can be best fostered and extended, but how a Dominion can be established.

...but how a Provincial and perhaps an Imperial policy can be devised, by which British American interests may be guarded, independent of the unfriendly Japanese policy sought to be forced upon this country. It was

thought a few years ago that Great Britain could not exist without the cotton of the South. This was proved to be a mistake. Now it is assumed that the Britishers at the

There is only one wise thing to be done, and that should be done quickly. The Treaty

subject should be referred to a Commission to report the terms upon which hereafter the commercial relations of the two countries are

to be adjusted. The three able men, who have reported on the finances, would deal with this great subject in an elevated and becoming manner, and before another season it

is to be hoped that the question which now seems to engross the entire time of Congress will have been disposed of, leaving leisure for the dispassionate consideration of their part.

A BRITISH AMERICAN.

The Nova Scotian tariff has just undergone revision. Duties have been placed upon American products, while many

Canadian products are admitted free. Elsewhere the new tariff is set forth as we find it in a recent number of the *Halifax Reporter*. The *Unionist* of the same city

intimates that a certain amount of speculation has been going on in ardent spirits, which have been put under greatly increased duties. It says: "Through some in-

formation illicitly obtained, a mercantile firm in this city purchased all the available rum and wine in the market, by which it is supposed they will make a clear profit of

seven or eight thousand pounds. It is reported a member of the House made large purchases, by which he will net a large sum. In either case it is not creditable,

while our merchants hardly deserve sympathy, because of their shortsightedness."

A POINTED DISCOURSE TO APPRECIATE

TIVE HEARERS.—A numerous knot of
nice young men were last evening favored
with a special discourse at one of the city
churches, which, if not entirely relieved,

must have proved highly impressive and wholesome in its influence. The ladies of an educational institute in the city, who are in the habit of attending worship in a body

at the John street Wesleyan Methodist Church, have been much annoyed by the impertinent conduct of young men who form a guard of honor (?) at the entrance,

and who attend the services for no other purpose than to indulge their vanity and irrepressible self-conceit. So intolerable had this nuisance become that yesterday the

teachers had determined to relieve their pupils from the infliction by holding divine worship in the Collego. Rev. Mr. Harper, pastor of the Church, had received intima-

tion of the state of affairs, and resolved to remedy the evil as far as possible. The worldly-minded element of his congregation, however, were not aware of this change

to the regulations, and as usual, last evening, a certain section of the church was largely occupied by the vanity of the city, done up in satin-enameled dog-collars,

goose-greased and portumed, and profusely decorated with incipient moustache of the dye of six-penny sugar. As the time for opening the service arrived, a feeling of dis-

appointment, for some reason, was quite evident, and enquiring glances were cast betimes across the aisle. The pastor seemed to think that some explanation was ne-

self to that particular portion of his congregation described, he proceeded to inform them "what was the matter." His humiliation made him want to the mark and caused

the inflated gentry to look as if they would faint with, and sink into the pasteboard chairs that propped up their diminished heads.

—Three of the leading journals of New York, in view of the enormity of rents and the famine prices of food, have urged all who

can remove from New York to do so, ~~which~~

READ! READ! READ!
 AN ATTACK OF

 Montreal, C. N., May
 Messrs. Latham & Kemp, N. Y.
 Dear Sirs,—Last fall, my wife was attacked
 by a severe form of the disease which is
 so dreadful of her recovery. By reading one of
 your papers which was left at the house, she was in-
 structed to purchase Briet's Sarsaparilla, and
 to experience relief, and with Briet's
 Pills, which were recommended to be taken
 in conjunction with the Sarsaparilla, she was
 cured of her complaint, and is now well.
 I feel bound, for the benefit of the public
 to this cure. Yours, &c., JOHN GOOD
 No. 8, Duane
 Briet's Sarsaparilla, and Briet's
 Coated Pills are sold by all Druggists
 and Dealers in Medicine.
 JUDSON'S WORM

GEO. D. DICKS
Official
 ADAM H. WALLBRIDGE
His Attorney at Large
 Belleville, 18th April, 1866.
CHANCERY BLANKS—Notice to
 with Enquiries,—Deed for Forfeiture
 Notice to Incumbrancers—Deed for
 Notice of do,—just printed and for sale
 Chronicle Office.

<p>ON designed.</p>	<p>NOTICE.</p>	<p>NOTICE.</p>
<p>39-10</p>	<p>I HEREBY forbid any one purchasing or negotiating for Two Premiumy Notes, one of \$40, due about six weeks ago, in favor of Alexander Ratledge, Hungerford, and another for \$100 in favor of John Ratledge, due in the Fall of 1860, as I have received no value for, and will not pay the same.</p>	<p>THE Court of Session for the Town of Sidney will be held at the Town Hall in said Township, on the First Monday, at the hour of 11 o'clock, A. M.</p>
<p>39-10</p>	<p>JOHN FOLEY.</p>	<p>THOS D. FARWELL.</p>
<p>On premises— Sale and Lease.</p>	<p>Lot No. 27, 7th Con, Hungerford, April 16th, 1864.</p>	<p>Sidney, April 9th, 1860.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">JUDSON'S PILLS.</p>

cepting out a general assortment of
Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery,
Glassware, Iron, Hacks,
SHOES and HEAVY HARDWARE,
GLASS, PAINTS, OILS, &c,
 which he is prepared to offer at low prices
 for cash. *Call and examine.*
The highest price in cash for Potash.
 Tread, 26th March, 1866.

Being the Sth Concession of Sidney atrewood, lying
in rear of the land owned by said James
Toner, and containing 25 acres.

For further particulars, terms of sale, and
a more particular description of property
apply to

FLINT & ROBERTSON,
Vender's Solicitors

Belleville, April 8, 1866. 35-4

<p> EXTRACTION POWDERS <i>Top, Belleville.</i> <i>19</i> </p>	<p> COATS OF ARMOR, and other <i>pat. Officers for sale at this Mo.</i> </p>
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